

PENYALURAN KERJA LULUSAN SEKOLAH MENENGAH KEJURUAN MELALUI BURSA KERJA KHUSUS DI KOTA YOGYAKARTA

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ABSTRAK

Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui: (1) peran Bursa Kerja Khusus (BKK) SMK di Kota Yogyakarta dalam penyaluran lulusan ke dunia kerja, (2) kelembagaan BKK SMK di Kota Yogyakarta, (3) faktor pendukung dan faktor penghambat BKK SMK di Kota Yogyakarta dalam penyaluran lulusan ke dunia kerja.

Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian *ex-post facto* dengan metode analisis campuran (*mixed methode*). Subyek penelitian ini pengurus BKK sejumlah 13 orang dan alumni SMK sejumlah 60 orang. Pengumpulan data dilakukan dengan angket, wawancara, observasi dan dokumentasi. Validitas instrumen menggunakan validitas isi dan penilaian oleh ahli, reliabilitas instrumen menggunakan *Alpha Cronbach*.

Hasil penelitian dapat diketahui: (1) peran BKK SMK di Kota Yogyakarta ditinjau dari pelayanan Informasi Pasar Kerja, pelayanan bimbingan jabatan, pelayanan perantara kerja, pengelolaan kerjasama dengan dunia industri, dan penelusuran lulusan menurut pengurus (52,4%) dan menurut alumni (72,9%) termasuk dalam kategori Baik; (2) kelembagaan BKK SMK di Kota Yogyakarta menurut pengurus (43,1%) dan menurut hasil observasi (50,0%) termasuk dalam kategori Baik; dan (3) faktor pendukung pelaksanaan peran BKK diantaranya fasilitas yang memadai, serta adanya program kerjasama dengan dunia industri, dan faktor penghambat pelaksanaan peran BKK diantaranya adalah faktor jumlah & kualitas sumber daya manusia pengelola BKK, keterbatasan anggaran, dan faktor lulusan SMK.

Kata kunci: *penyaluran kerja, lulusan smk, Bursa Kerja Khusus*

**THE WORK ASSIGNMENT FOR THE GRADUATES OF VOCATIONAL
SECONDARY SCHOOLS THROUGH CAREER CENTER
IN YOGYAKARTA CITY**

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ABSTRACT

The purposes of this study was to find out: (1) the role of vocational school career center in Yogyakarta City in the work assignment for the graduates, (2) the institutions of Career Center in Yogyakarta, (3) supporting and inhibiting factors of Career Center in Yogyakarta in the distribution of graduates to the world of work.

This was an ex-post facto study with combination analysis methode (mixed methode). The subject of this study was 13 Career Center administrators, and 60 vocational school graduates. The data was collected using questionnaire, interviews, observation, and documentation study. Instruments validity used content validity and expert judgement, reliability used Alpha Cronbach.

The results of this study are: (1) the role of Career Center in the terms of labor market information services, career guidance counseling, implementation of work brokers, cooperation with the industry, and implementation of tracer study according administrators (52.4%) and according graduates (72.9%) is in good category; (2) the institution of Career Center in Yogyakarta city according administrators (43.1%) and according graduates (50.0%) is in good category; and (3) supporting factors of the role of Career Center include adequate facilities, and partnership program with the industries, and the inhibitig factors of the role of Career Center include the quantity and quality of the administrators, limited budgets allocation, and the graduates factor.

Key words: The work assignment, vocational school graduates, career center